What is a GENETIC NURSE?

A genetics nurse is a licensed professional nurse with special education and training in genetics. Genetics nurses help people at risk for or affected by diseases with a genetic component achieve and maintain health. Many common diseases are now known to have a genetic component, including cancer, heart disease, diabetes, and Alzheimer's.

A DAY IN THE LIFE

Genetics nurses perform risk assessment, analyze the genetic contribution to disease risk, and discuss the impact of risk on health care management for individuals and families. They also provide genetics education, provide nursing care to patients and families and conduct research in genetics.





GENETIC NURSES WORK IN MANY SETTINGS

- Specialty clinics where gene-based diagnoses and therapies are offered
- Prenatal and reproductive technology centers
- Cancer centers
- Primary health care settings
- Pediatric clinics
- Industrial health
- School health
- Research centers
- Biotech and insurance industries

WHO BENEFITS FROM

GENETIC NURSING?

- Individuals and families with known hereditary conditions or diseases thought to have a hereditary component
- Examples: Alzheimer's disease, cancer, cystic fibrosis, diabetes, Down syndrome, hemophilia, Huntington's disease, Parkinson's disease, Sickle Cell disease
- Anyone who is considering genetic testing
- Individuals and couples who are concerned with issues related to pregnancy, such as birth defects, transmission of genetic conditions, or effect of pregnancy on existing genetic risk
- Couples who have had multiple miscarriages
- Couples who are related, such as first cousins
- Healthcare providers who seek genetics consultations for their patients





WHAT CAN A GENETIC NURSE DO FOR YOU?

- Obtain a detailed family history and construct a pedigree (family history diagram)
- Assess and analyze hereditary and nonhereditary disease risk factors
- Identify potential genetic conditions or genetic predisposition to disease
- Provide genetic information and psychosocial support to individuals and families
- Provide nursing care for patients and families at risk for or affected by diseases with a genetic component
- Provide genetic counseling (Advanced Practice Nurses)
- Facilitate genetic testing and interpret genetic test results and laboratory reports (Advanced Practice Nurses)